

**2025 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT**  
**OLEY TOWNSHIP MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY**  
**PWSID #: 3060053**

*Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua de beber. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.*

[This report contains very important information about your drinking water. Translate it, or speak with someone who understands it.]

**WATER SYSTEM INFORMATION:**

This report outlines the quality of water distributed to the residents of the Village of Oley. If you have any questions about this report, or concerning your water utility, please contact Oley Township Municipal Authority at 610-689-0097. We want you to be informed about your water supply. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are at 7:00 pm on the first Thursday of each month at the Oley Township Municipal Building, located at One Rose Virginia Rd., Oley, PA

**SOURCE(S) OF WATER:**

Our water sourced from four (4) groundwater wells, three (3) of which are located on Oley Furnace Road on the west side of the Village of Oley, and one (1) well which is located off of Philadelphia Avenue the eastern side of the Village of Oley.

A Source Water Assessment of our source(s) was completed by the PA Department of Environmental Protection (PA DEP) for Wells #1, #2 and #3 in 2007. The Assessment did not identify any sites that could contribute contaminants. Potential application of pesticides to agricultural land near the wells remains a potential source of contamination. Wells #1 and #2 received a rating of high risk and Well #3 received a rating of moderate risk. Reports were distributed to municipalities, water supplier, local planning agencies and PADEP offices. Copies of the complete report are available for review at the Pa. DEP Southcentral Regional Office, Records Management Unit at (717) 705-4700

**Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).**

**MONITORING YOUR WATER:**

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. Oley Township Municipal is very proud to say that has met and exceeded the U.S. EPA & PA. DEP guidelines for drinking water regulations. The following tables show the results of our monitoring for the period of **January 1 to December 31, 2025**. The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data is from prior years in accordance with the Safe Drinking Water Act. The date is noted in the sampling results table.

**DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS:**

**Action Level (AL)** - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Minimum Residual Disinfectant Level (MinRDL)** - The minimum level of residual disinfectant required at the entry point to the distribution system.

**Treatment Technique (TT)** - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Level 1 Assessment** - A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

**Level 2 Assessment** - A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

**Mrem/year** = millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

**ppm** = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

**pCi/L** = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

**ppq** = parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter

**ppb** = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

**ppt** = parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

**EP** = Entry Point

**DETECTED SAMPLE RESULTS:**

Chemical Contaminants								
Chemical Contaminant	MCL in CCR units	MCLG	Highest Level Detected	Range of Detection	Units	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Chlorine	MRDL= 4	MRDLG=4	1.17	0.45-1.17	ppm	10/2025	N	Water additive used to control microbes
Barium	2	2	0.023	0.023	ppm	02/2022	N	Erosion of natural deposits
Chromium	100	100	0.002	2	ppb	02/2022	N	Discahrge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	10	10	6.17	2.3-6.21	ppm	2025	N	Fertilizer runoff; Leaching septic, sewage
Chloroform (THM)	80	N/A	10.2	N/A	ppb	7/2025	N	By-product of drinking water

									chlorination
Bromoform (THM)	N/A	N/A	1.6	N/A	ppb	7/2025	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Bromodichloromethane	N/A	N/A	6.1	N/A	ppb	07/2025	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorodibromomethane	N/A	N/A	4.2	N/A	ppb	07/2025	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	80	N/A	22	N/A	ppb	07/2025	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Radium-226	5	N/A	0.59	0.14-0.59	pCi/L	01/2024	N		Erosion of natural deposits

Entry Point Disinfectant Residual								
Chemical Contaminant	Location ID	Minimum disinfectant Residual	Lowest Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Chlorine	101	0.40	0.45	0.45-1.06	ppm	10/2025	N	Water additive used to control microbes
Chlorine	102	0.40	0.52	0.52-3.9	ppm	03/2025	N	Water additive used to control microbes
Chlorine	103	0.50	0.52	0.52-3.6	ppm	02/2025	N	Water additive used to control microbes

Distribution Disinfectant Residual								
Chemical Contaminant	Location ID	MRDL	Lowest Average Result	Highest Average Result	Units	Month of Highest Average	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Chlorine	Distribution	4.0	0.45	1.17	ppm	October	N	Water additive used to control microbes

Lead and Copper									
Contaminant	Sample Date	Action Level (AL)	MCLG	90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile Value	Range of results	Units	# of Sites above AL of total sites	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Lead	6/2025	15	0	1	0-2	ppb	0	N	Corrosion of household plumbing
Copper	6/2025	1.3	1.3	0.265	0.007-0.434	ppm	0	N	Corrosion of household plumbing

<b>Microbial (related to Assessments/Corrective Actions regarding TC positive results)</b>					
<b>Contaminants</b>	<b>TT</b>	<b>MCLG</b>	<b>Assessments/ Corrective Actions</b>	<b>Violation Y/N</b>	<b>Sources of Contamination</b>
Total Coliform Bacteria	Any system that has failed to complete all of the required assessments or correct all identified sanitary defects, is in violation of the treatment technique requirement	N/A	See detailed description under "Detected Contaminants Health Effects and Language and Corrective Actions" section	N	Naturally present in the environment

**DETECTED CONTAMINANTS HEALTH EFFECTS LANGUAGE AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:**

No violations of the MCL or the MRDL occurred in the reporting year.

**VIOLATIONS:**

Failure to monitor or report for the groundwater rule at Entry Point 103 in March 2025.

Failure to monitor or report Nitrate and Nitrite at Entry Point 103 in July 2025.

**EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION:**

Some sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water run-off, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA and DEP prescribes regulations which limit the number

of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA and DEP regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. Drinking water, including bottled water may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

#### **INFORMATION ABOUT LEAD:**

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Oley Township Municipal Authority is responsible for providing high-quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact Oley Township Municipal Authority at 610-689-0097. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at [www.epa.gov/safewater/lead](http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead).

Oley Township Municipal Authority prepared a service line inventory that includes the type of materials contained in each service line in our distribution system, which has been reported as all non-lead. This inventory can be accessed at the Oley Township Municipal Authority Office or by contacting our office at 610-987-3423.

#### **INFORMATION ABOUT NITRATE:**

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant, you should ask for advice from your health care provider.

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

**IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER  
 FAILURE TO MONITOR**

**ESTE INFORME CONTIENE INFORMACIÓN IMPORTANTE ACERCA DE SU AGUA POTABLE. HAGA QUE  
 ALGUIEN LO TRADUZCA PARA USTED, O HABLE CON ALGUIEN QUE LO ENTIENDA.**

**Monitoring Requirements Not Met for Oley Township Municipal Authority**

Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past year. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.

*We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During March 2025 we failed to monitor for the following contaminants and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time.*

**What should I do?**

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminant(s) we did not properly test for during the last year, the required sampling frequency, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which corrective action samples were (or will be) taken.

Contaminant	Required sampling frequency	Number of samples taken	When all samples should have been taken	When samples were or will be taken
EP-103 chlorine residuals	daily	29 of 31	March 1 <sup>st</sup> & 2 <sup>nd</sup> 2025	March 3, 2025
Nitrates/nitrites from entry point 103	quarterly	0 of 2	3 <sup>rd</sup> quarter of 2025	4 <sup>th</sup> quarter of 2025

**What happened? What was done? When will it be resolved?**

Samples were missed as listed above, samples were taken in March and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter of 2025.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

For more information regarding this notice, please contact Oley Township Municipal Authority at 610-689-0097.

**Certified by:**

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: 4/14/25

Print Name and Title: Kim R. Seidel, Chairman

As a representative of the Public Water system indicated above, I certify that public notification addressing the above violation was distributed to all customers in accordance with the delivery requirements outlined in Chapter 25 PA Code 109 Subchapter D of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP's) regulations. The following methods of distribution were used: distributed with 2025 Consumer Confidence Report

PWS ID#: 3060053

Date distributed: April 30, 2026